Observations on redundant BGP traffic and flaps from the RIPE RIS collectors

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Agenda

- Rationale
- Measurement taxonomy
- Recent historical measurements
 - Comparison with previous historical measurements
 - Graphs of recent historical measurements
- Daily Measurements
 - Sample graphs
 - Next steps
- References
- Credits
- Questions



Rationale

- Identify patterns in BGP traffic measurements
- Quantify performance cost of BGP processing
- Detect anomalies



Measurement taxonomy [LA99]

- Tup & Tdown: Fluctuations in the reachability for a given prefix. An announced route is withdrawn and transitions down (Tdown), or a currently unreachable prefix is announced as reachable and transitions up (Tup).
- WWDup: The repeated transmission of BGP withdrawals for a prefix that is currently unreachable.
- AADup: A route is implicitly withdrawn and replaced with a duplicate of the original route. [...] a *duplicate route* does not differ in any BGP path attribute information.
- AADiff: A route is implicitly withdrawn and replaced by an alternative route as the original route becomes unreachable, or a preferred alternative path becomes available
- Flap: Tdown followed by Tup where the prefix has identical attributes when first announced and then re-announced after a withdrawal.



Recent historical measurements

- 1 full feed peer at LINX and 1 full feed peer at AMSIX from 8/1/2001 to 1/31/2002
- measurements:
 - daily updates, announcements, duplicate announcements
 - daily flaps
 - distribution of updates & announcements inter-arrival time and flap duration



Previous historical measurements [LA99]

- multiple full-feed and partial-feed peers at MAE-East 1/1996 – 8/1998
- measurements:
 - AADup
 - WWDup
 - AADiff
 - Tdown
 - Tup



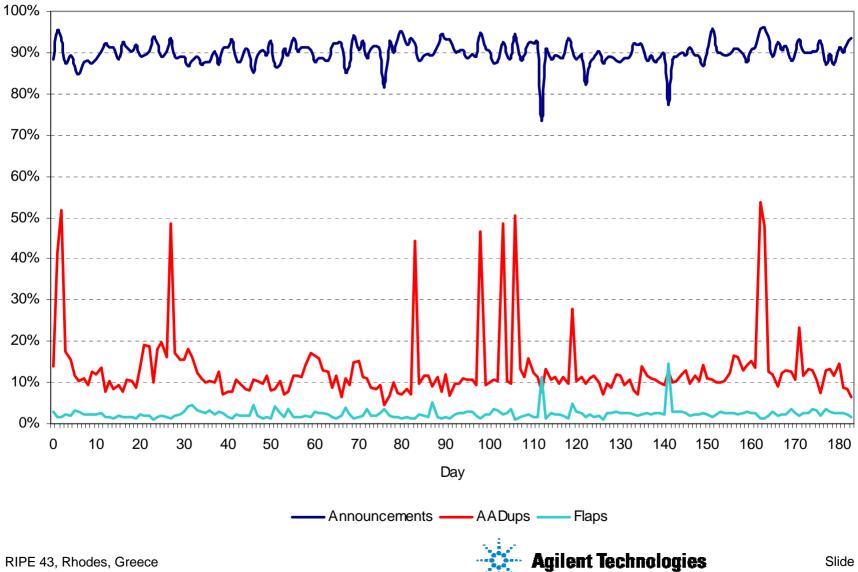
Comparison with previous historical measurements

- [LA99] conclusions
 - AADup 20% of all updates (~50K prefixes)
 - 50% of all updates have 30 second periodicity
 - WWDup 50% of all updates (5% after router software fix)
- [LA99] additional comments
 - AADup behavior is well distributed across studied ISPs
 - AADup and WWDup caused by small service providers

- Current work conclusions
 - AADup 20% of all updates (~100K prefixes)
 - 35% of all updates have 30 second periodicity
 - WWDup < 3% of all updates

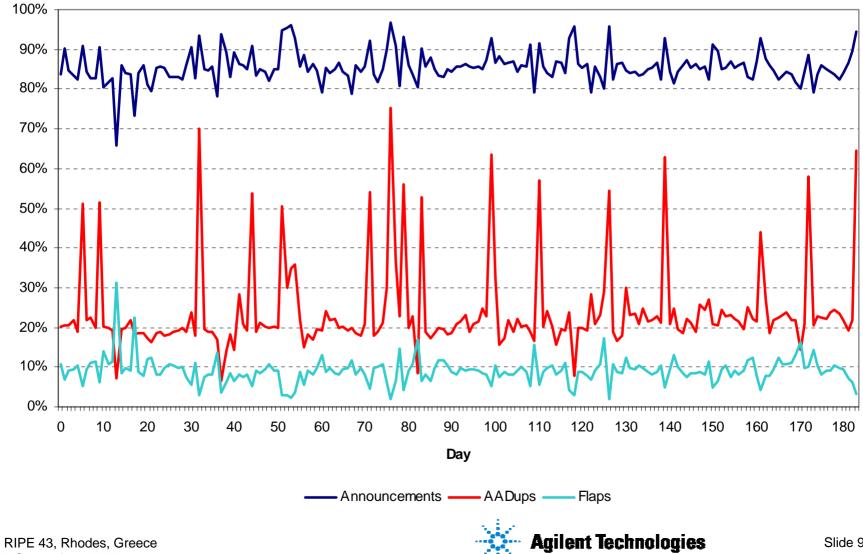


Announcements, AADups & Flaps as % of Updates per Day **AMS-IX** Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002

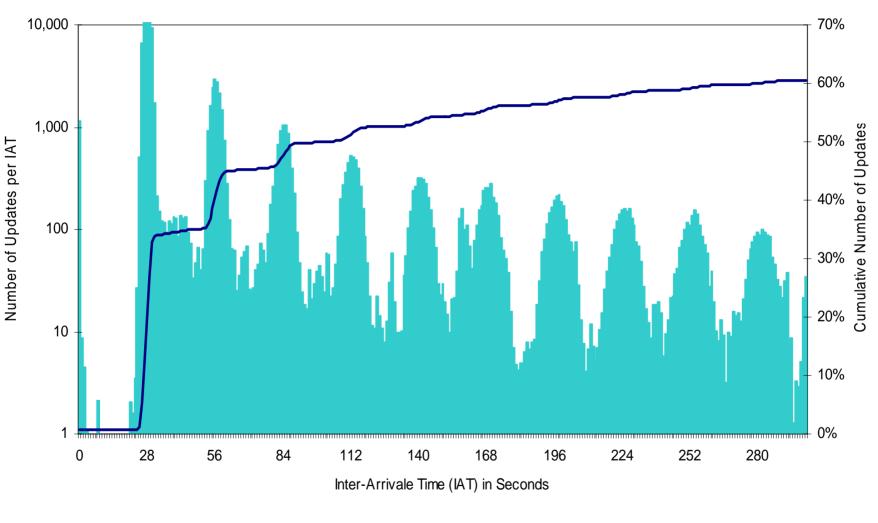


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Announcements, AADups & Flaps as % of Updates per Day **LINX** Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



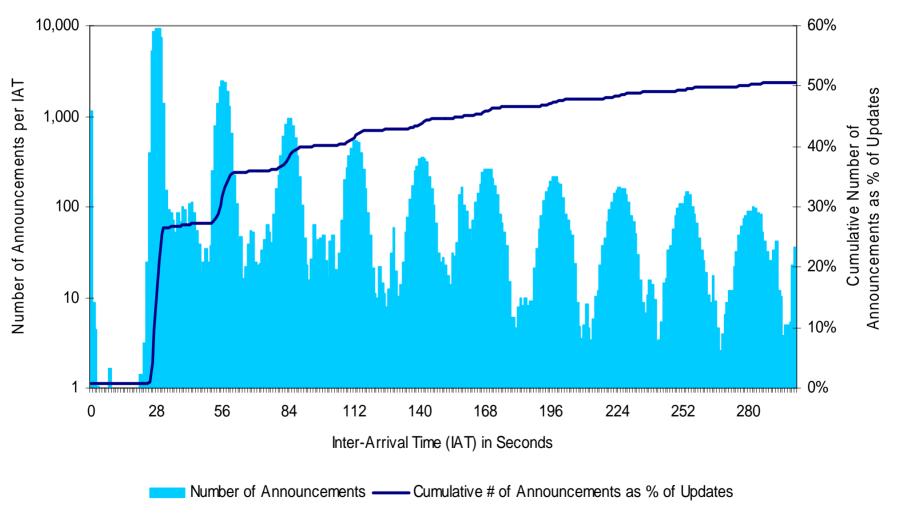
Update Inter-Arrival Time Distribution AMS-IX 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



Number of Updates per IAT —— Cumulative Number of Updates [% of total updates]

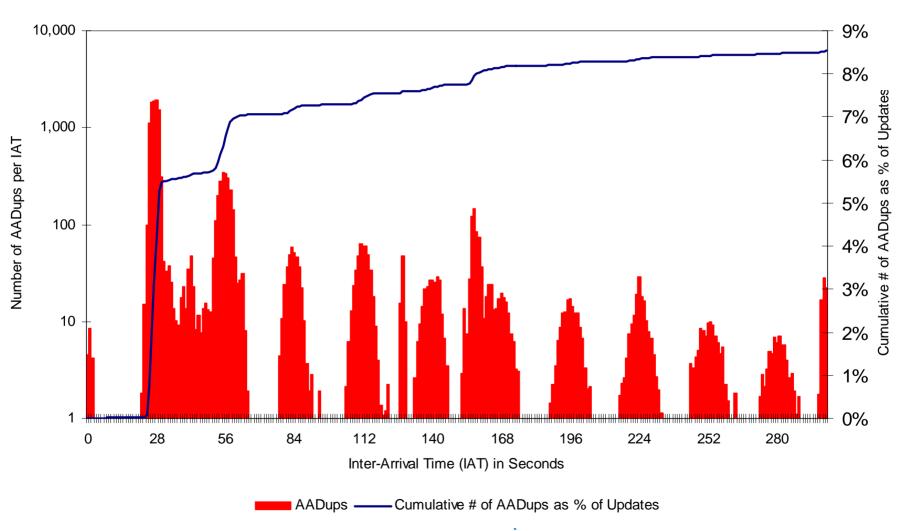


Announcement Inter-Arrival Time Distribution AMS-IX Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



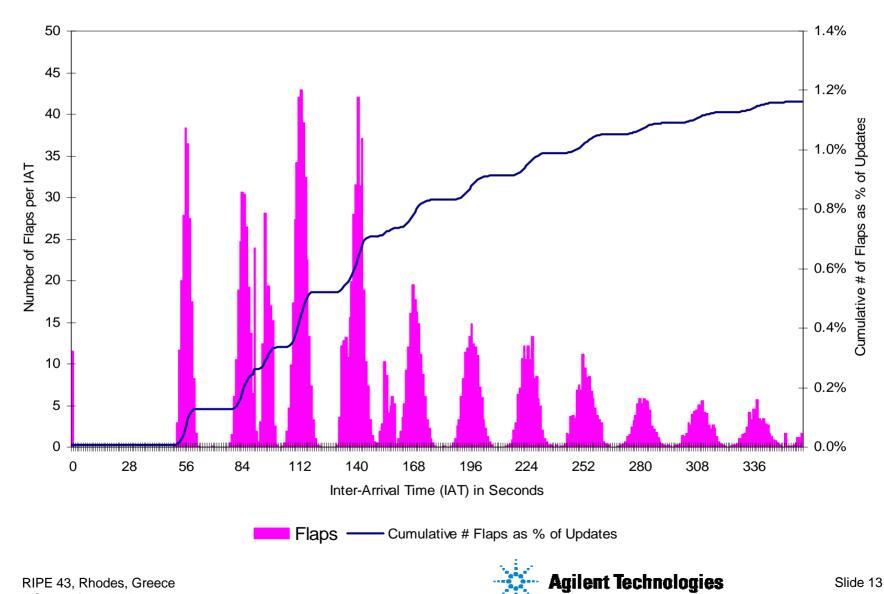


AADup Inter-Arrival Time Distribution AMS-IX Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



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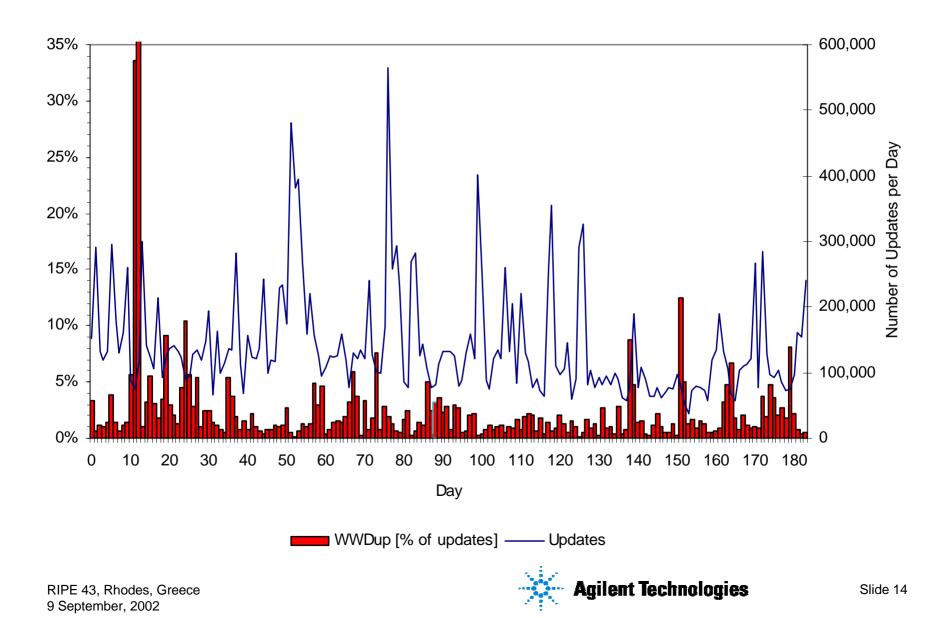
Flap Duration Time Distribution AMS-IX Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



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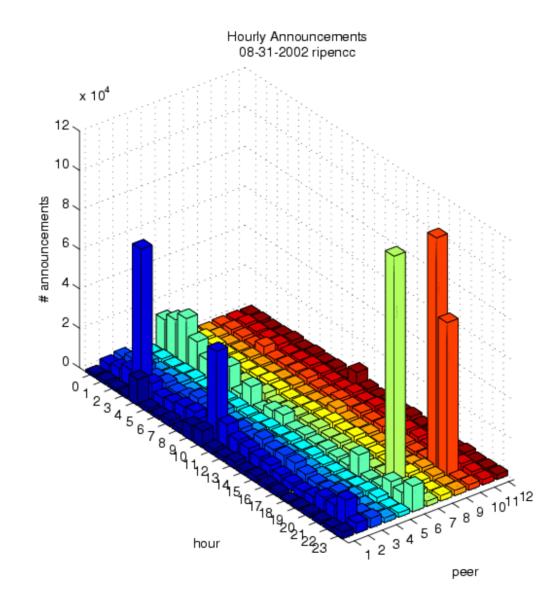
WWDup as % of Updates per Day LINX Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



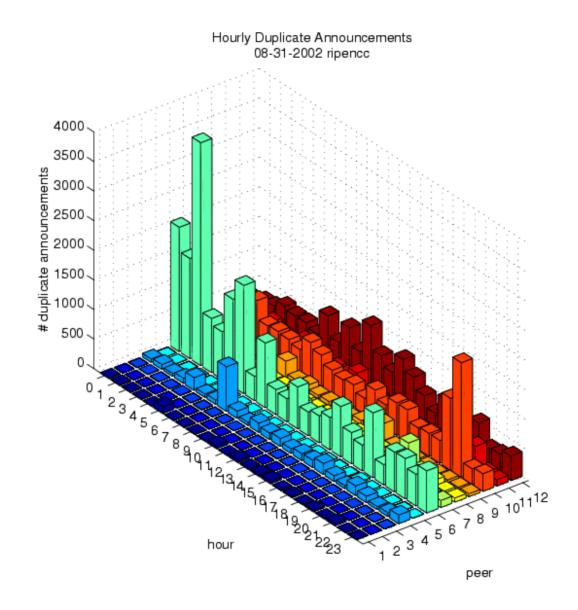
Daily measurements

- 12 RIPENCC peers, 3 AMSIX peers, 1 LINX peer
- by peer by hour
- measurements:
 - A & AADup
 - W & WWDup
 - flaps

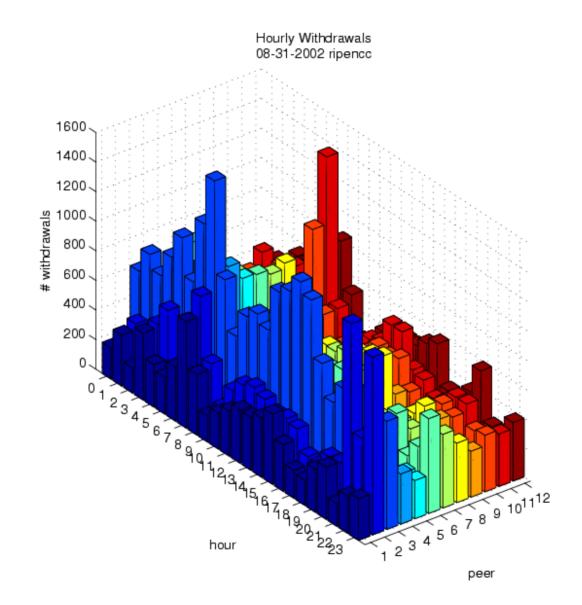




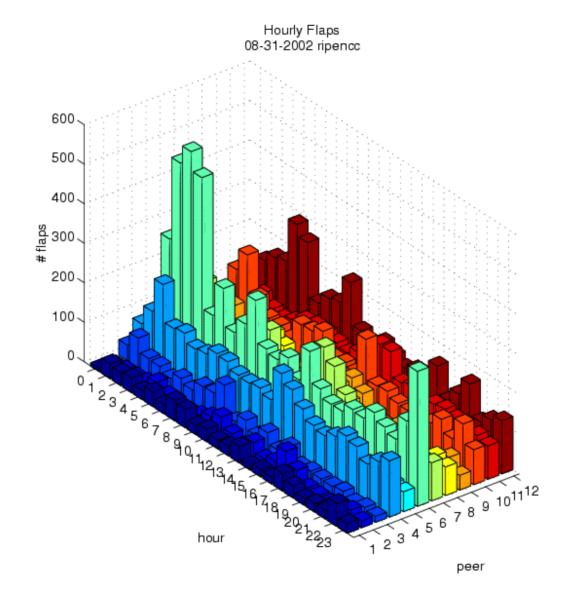




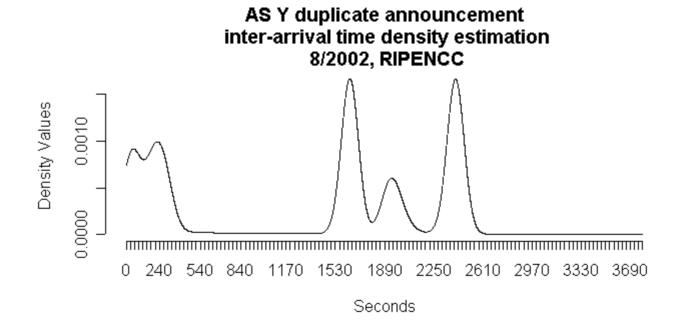




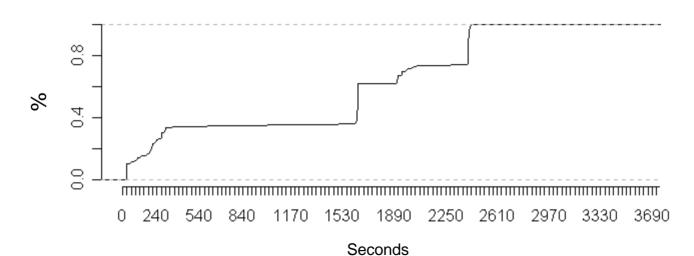




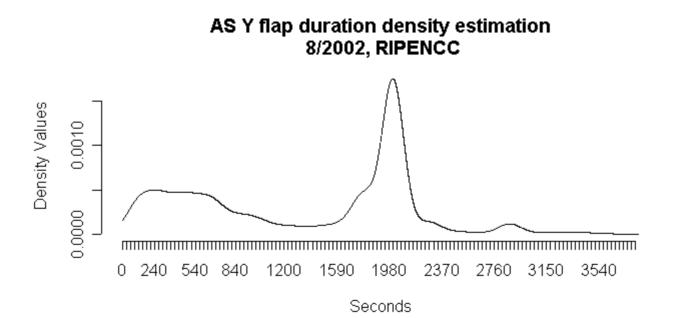




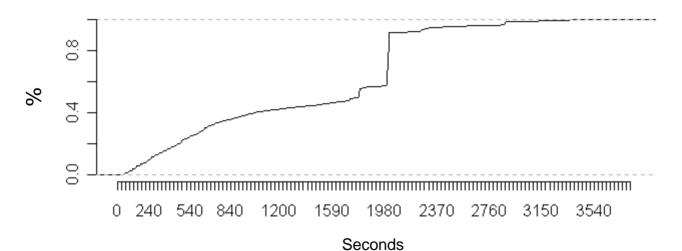
Cumulative Distribution







Cumulative Distribution







- attempt to identify spatial and temporal patterns using defined measurements
- is there a baseline?
- develop methodology to quantify performance cost of BGP processing



References & Related work

- [LA99] C. Labovitz, "Scalability of the Internet Backbone Routing Infrastructure", Ph.D. Thesis, University of Michigan, 1999
- MRTd <u>http://www.mrtd.net/</u>
- Matlab <u>http://www.mathworks.com/</u>
- R <u>http://www.r-project.org/</u>
- Density estimation
 <u>http://www.maths.uwa.edu.au/~duongt/seminars/intro2kde/</u>
- Related work:
 - http://www.sprintlabs.com/Department/IP-Interworking/Routing/PyRT/index.html
 - <u>http://bgp.lcs.mit.edu/bgpview.cgi</u>
 - <u>http://www.renesys.com/projects/bgp_instability/</u>



Credits

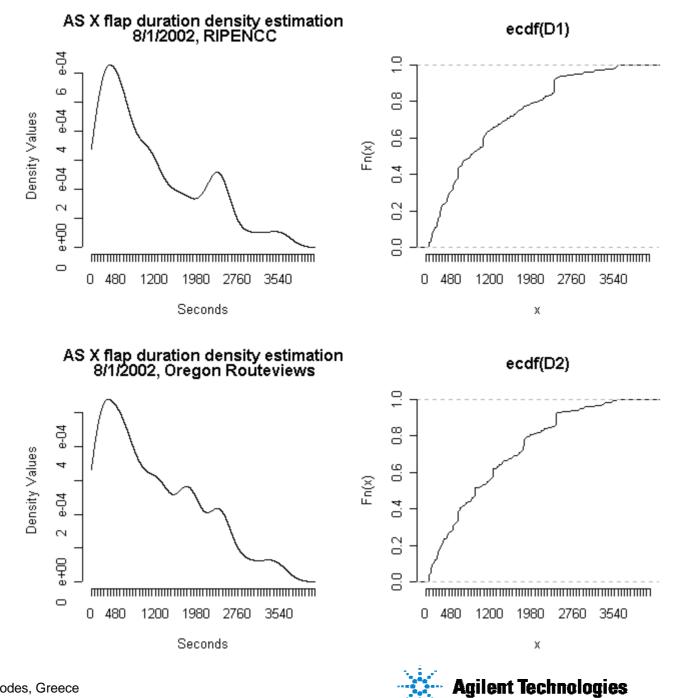
- RIPENCC's RIS Team
- Oregon Routeviews
- Jonathan Li, Lance Tatman

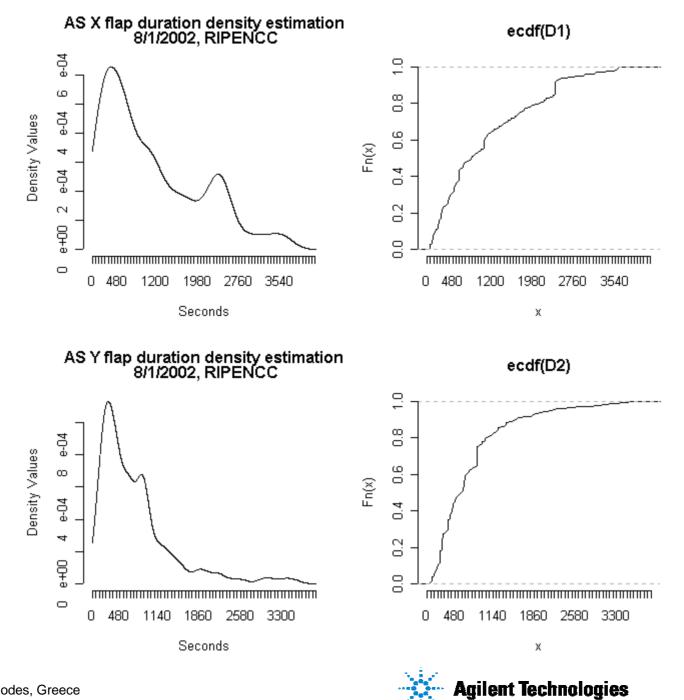


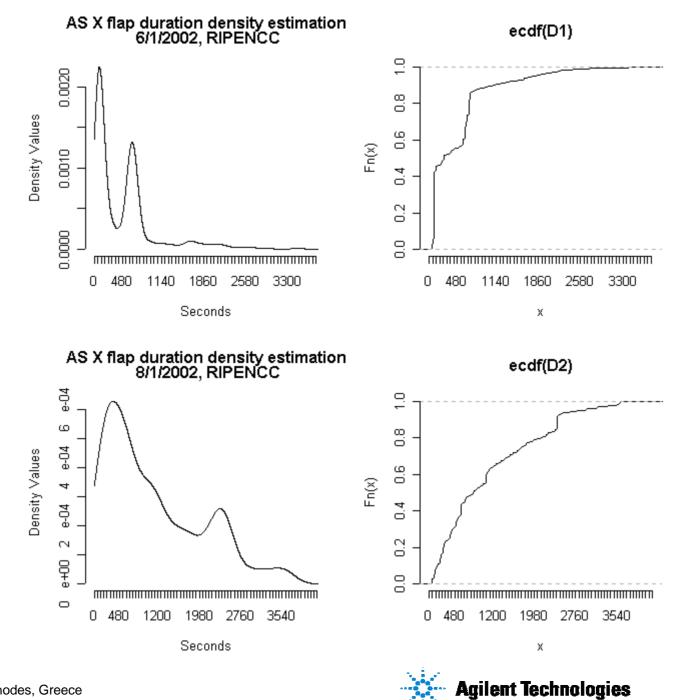
Questions

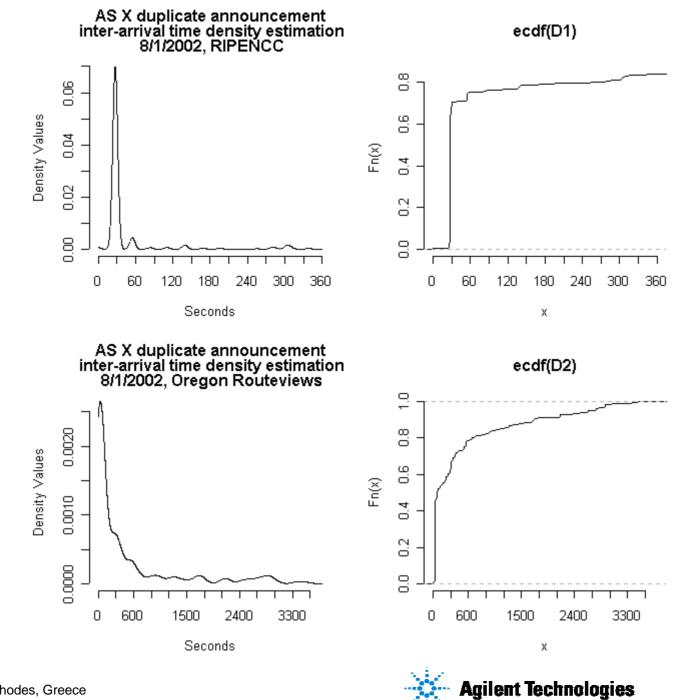
- over what time period should peers be compared?
- are we taking the *right* measurements?
- what additional measurements would you like to see?
- flap & dup counts are cut off at 1 hr; is this reasonable?
- we need volunteers to correlate observed behavior with trouble tickets



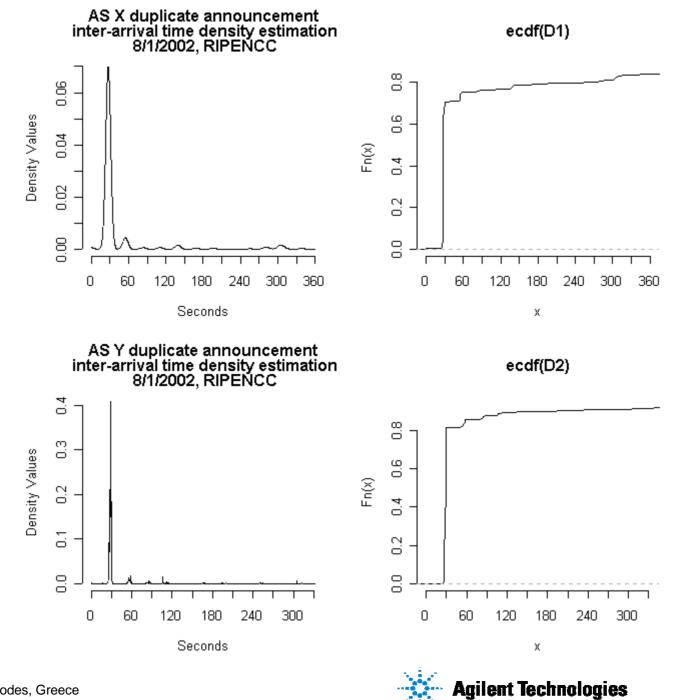




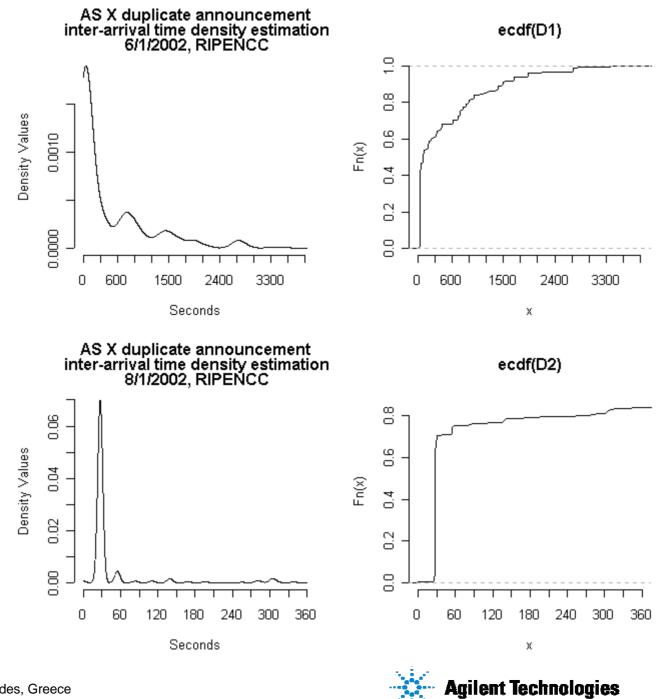




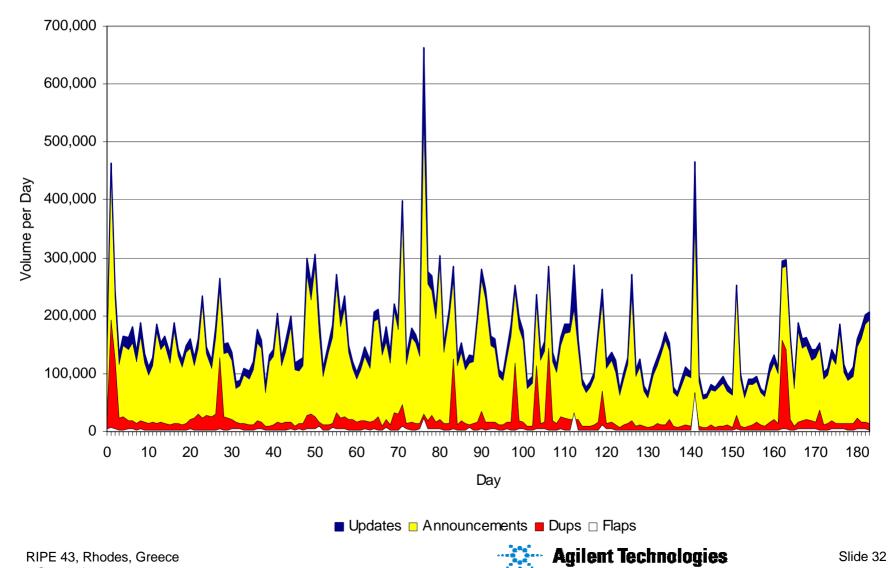








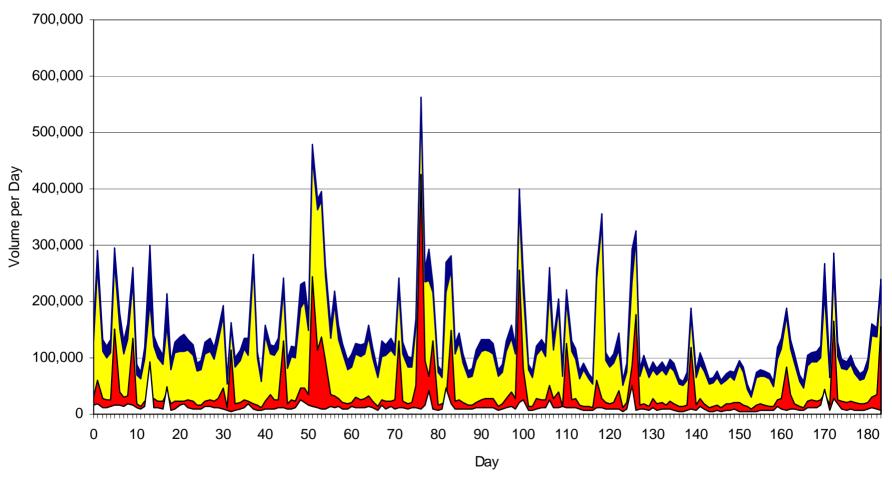
Updates, Announcements, AADups & Flaps per Day **AMS-IX** Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



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Updates, Announcements, AADups, Flaps per Day LINX Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002

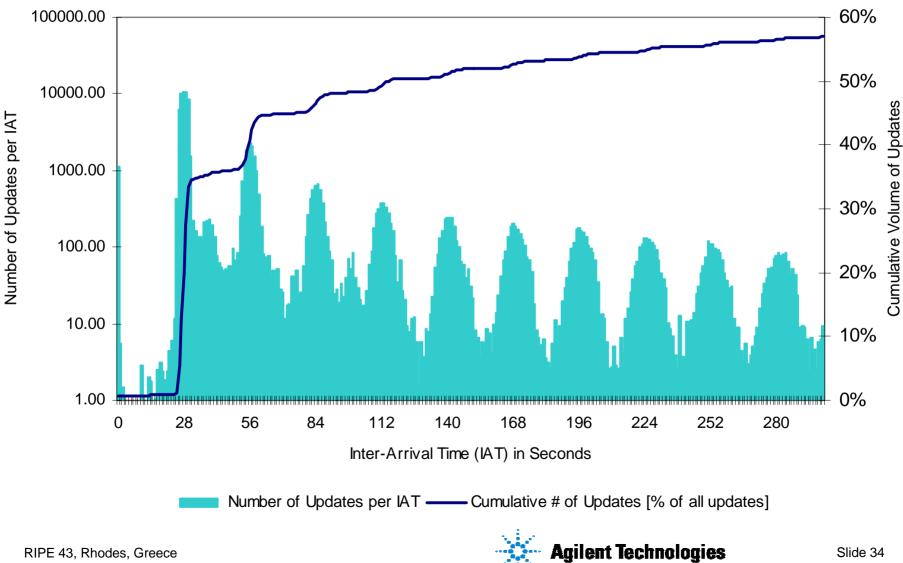


Updates Announcements AADups I Flaps

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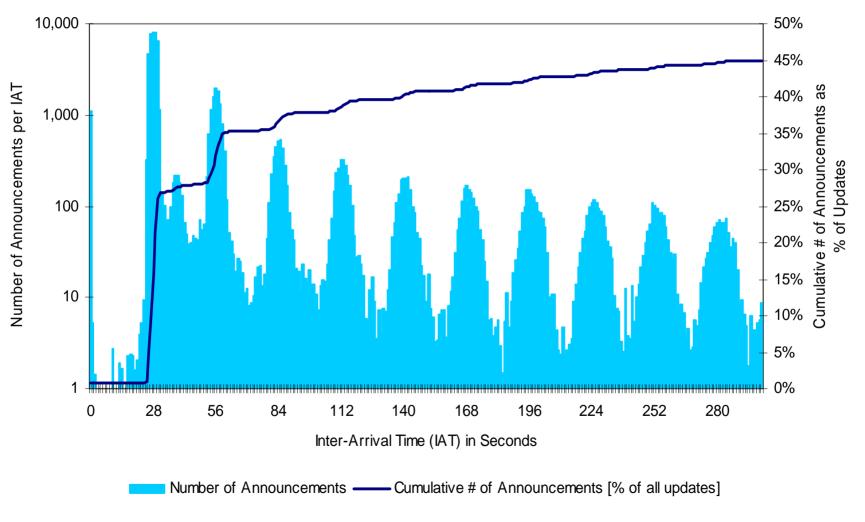
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Update Inter-Arrival Time Distribution LINX Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



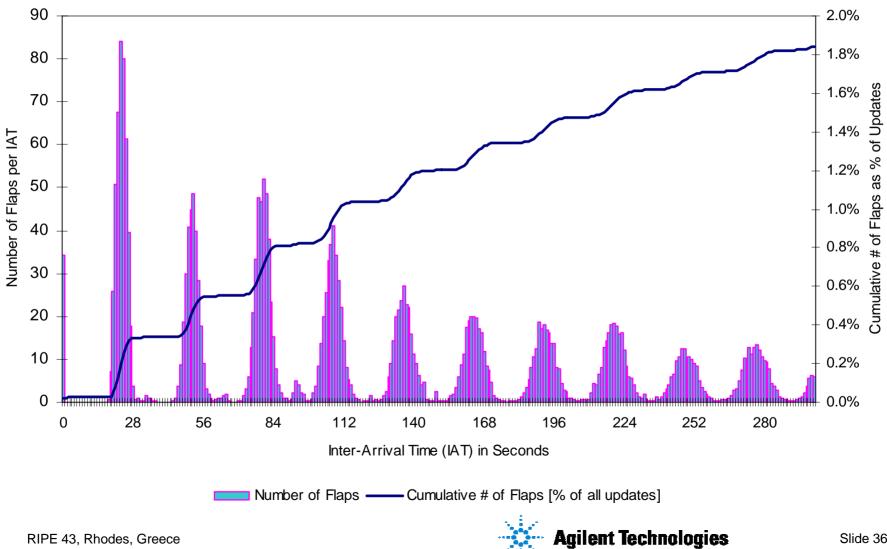
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Announcement Inter-Arrival Time Distribution LINX Peer 8/1/2002 - 1/31/2002





Flap Duration Distribution LINX Peer 8/1/2001 - 1/31/2002



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